

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge Ordinary Level

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MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/31

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- () contents of brackets are not required but should be implied
- R reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- Ig ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)
- AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- AVP alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)
- ORA or reverse argument
- underline actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- + statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	Marks
1 (a)	credit neat drawing, appropriate shape ; testa double line ; cotyledon and testa correctly labelled ;	Ig plumule and radicle clear lines, at least 50 mm height	[3]
(b) (i)	description of results for testa, e.g. no fizzing, bubbling or frothing ; description of result for cotyledons, e.g. reference to froth ;	A some fizzing for testa A no change/nothing happens Ig ref. oxygen on its own, must reference bubbles, etc.	[2]
(ii)	reference to little or no catalase in testa ; catalase present in cotyledons ;	A ecf from previous questions correct comparative statement scores both marks	[2]
(iii)	testa is inactive + cotyledons active / metabolising / respiring / carrying out reactions / AW ;	Ig ref. to living vs. non-living	[1]

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	
(iv)	same mass/weight/surface area (of tissue) ; measure the volume of oxygen produced ; grind/crush tissue ; control temperature ; measure depth of froth/count no. bubbles released ;	Ig amount/size A surface area	
(c) (i)	reference to separating tissues ; iodine solution added ;		[2]
(ii)	starch present in cotyledons + no starch in testa/more starch in cotyledons ;	statement must be comparative or conclusions given for both tissues	[1]
(d) (i)	suitable scale (at least half of the grid used) + correct orientation of axes ; both axes fully labelled ; points plotted correctly ; neat ruled line correctly joining points ;	at least one zero required at origin A ± ½ square R extrapolation beyond 10	[4]
(ii)	2.5 (arbitrary units) ;	accept figure consistent with graph	[1]
(iii)	amylase breaks down (stored) starch ; to maltose/glucose ;	A mono/disaccharides/reducing sugars	[2]
[Total 19]			
2 (a) (i)	cells drawn to correct scale with correct proportions ; quality of drawing ; cell wall shown with double line ; nucleus shown in correct position in both cells ; chloroplasts present ;	approx. 75 – 95 mm clean and clear lines, no internal shading min. 10 chloroplasts	[5]

Question	Expected answers	Additional guidance	
(ii)	cell wall ; chloroplasts ;		[1]
(b) (i)	<u>xylem</u> (vessel) ;		[1]
(ii)	transport of water ; transport of mineral salts / named example ; reference to (mechanical) support ;		[max 2]
(c)	reference to putting cut stem in water containing a dye / named example ; leave for suitable or stated time ; cut sections of stem ; observe with hand lens or microscope ; position of dye shows pathway / AW ;		[max 4]
[Total 14]			
3 (a)	P = scapula Q = humerus ; R = ulna ;	A shoulder blade	[3]
(b)	hinge ;	A synovial joint	[1]
(c)	ref. antagonistic pair (of muscles) ; triceps / extensor / or description of position contracting ; pulls on R ; biceps / flexor relaxing ; muscles attach to bones by tendons ;		[max 3]
[Total 7]			