UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

www.papacambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

5054 PHYSICS

5054/04 Paper 4, maximum mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

20	Syllabus 5054	Mark Scheme GCE O LEVEL – NOVEMBER 2005	Page 1	
Cambrid		current increases/pointer moves to right resistance decreases	(a)	1
ARCambridge. [Total 3]		scale/units marked on the meter	(b)	
[1]		(i) to enable a range of current/distance/light intensit	(a)	2
[1]		(ii) 4 mA/5 mA/10 mA		
[3]	w d, I)	table with headings: quantities distance, current (allo units cm, mA pairs of measurements entered in table	(b)	
[4]		axes: correct way round, labelled quantity and unit scales: more than $\frac{1}{2}$ page, sensible (origin not needed 6 points plotted accurately and neatly $\frac{1}{2}$ square e.c. best fit line drawn, smooth curve, neatly	(c)	
[1]	ship	increasing distance decreases current/inverse relation	(d)	
[1]	shade around bulb/bulb is hot/filament is inside bulb/ uncertainty in position of LDR or ruler/ruler or circuit unsupported		(e)	
[1]	able	lamp not over base/far from stand/could topple/is unst	(f)	
[Total 12]	lel rave to lens	(i) diagram of convex lens + Sun/distant object/para	(a)	3
[1]		+ screen or rays to focus + f marked or ruler show	(a)	
[1]	lens	(ii) value for f too large or larger/image is further from		
[1]	on diagram)	 (i) rays hit mirror at 90°/reflected by mirror/ rays go back along the same path (can be shown 	(b)	
[1] [1]	6	(ii) 1 no change/image in focus/image is dimmer2 image becomes blurred/out of focus/disappear		
[Total 5]				
[1]		cross-sectional area of the tube is constant/V = AxI	(a)	4
[1]		gas may have heated up/to allow the gas to cool down liquid or apparatus settles/so temperature remains co	(b)	
[1]	3	P x I calculated for both values/P doubles and I halves	(c)	
[1]		to avoid/reduce (parallax) error/more accurate	(d)	
[Total 4]				

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus AND
	GCE O LEVEL – NOVEMBER 2005	5054 23
(a)	brass/metal is a good conductor/heats up quickly/has hig does not melt/does not rust	Syllabus 5054 h melting point/
(b)	temperature of water initial and final temperatures/temperature rise of the wate	er Se
(c)	any two from: cube may not all be at the same temperatu time taken/heat lost by cube during transfe some water may boil/spit out of beaker beaker is also heated human error in specified measurement	er
	other sensible suggestion	[2]
(d)	valid comment linked to response in (d)	[1]
		[Total 6]

[Paper total 30]