

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Pre-U Certificate

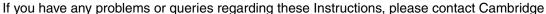
CHEMISTRY 9791/04

Paper 4 Practical May/June 2014

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 11 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.



by e-mail: info@cie.org.uk, by phone: +44 1223 553554, by fax: +44 1223 553558,

stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.









[Turn over

Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution. Only those tests described in the Question Paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and disposable gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

 \mathbf{C} = corrosive substance \mathbf{F} = highly flammable substance

H = harmful or irritating substance **O** = oxidising substance

T = toxic substance N = dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety, first-aid and disposal of chemicals.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

Before the Examination

1 Access to the Question Paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the Question Paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these Instructions. Materials with an **FA** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FA** coded chemical is given in the Question Paper.

4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the Question Paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the Question Paper.

5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty in preparing large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

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Apparatus

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable gloves should be used where necessary.
- 3 For each candidate
 - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$ burette
 - 1 × burette clamp and stand
 - 1 × small funnel for filling the burette
 - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$ pipette
 - 1 × pipette filler
 - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ conical flasks $1 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ beaker

 - $1 \times 100 \, \text{cm}^3 \, \text{beaker}$
 - 1 × white tile
 - $1 \times \text{spatula}$
 - 1 × heat-proof mat
 - 1 × Bunsen burner
 - 1 × tripod
 - 1 × pipe-clay triangle
 - $1 \times \text{crucible}$ (at least 15 cm^3 capacity). **No lids should be provided**.
 - $1 \times pair of tongs$
 - 1 × gauze
 - 1 × boiling tube
 - $9 \times \text{test-tubes}$
 - 1 × test-tube holder
 - 1 x test-tube rack
 - $1 \times glass rod$
 - 3 × dropping pipettes
 - 1 × wash bottle of distilled water

paper towels

access to balance, single-pan, direct reading, minimum accuracy 0.1 g (1 per 8–12 candidates)

Chemicals Required

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

2 Particular requirements

hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (Hazards symbols given in this column refer to the raw materials.)
[H] [H]	FA 1	2×2g	a mixture of hydrated barium chloride and barium carbonate	Mix thoroughly together $1.80\pm0.02\mathrm{g}$ of $\mathrm{BaC}l_2.2\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$ [T] with $0.20\pm0.02\mathrm{g}$ of BaCO_3 [H]. Each sample must be prepared individually. Freshly opened reagents must be used. Two samples each containing 2g and each labelled FA 1 should be provided in two stoppered containers.
Ξ	FA 2	125 cm ³	0.12 mol dm ⁻³ sodium hydroxide	Dissolve 4.81g of NaOH [C] in each dm ³ of solution.
	FA 3	150 cm ³	0.10 mol dm ⁻³ hydrochloric acid	Dilute 2.0 mol dm $^{-3}$ HC l [H] twenty-fold.
	methyl orange	2cm³	methyl orange indicator (pH range 2.9 to 4.6)	Use commercially produced solution or dissolve 0.4g of solid indicator [T] in 200 cm ³ of ethanol (IDA) [F] [H] and make up to 1 dm ³ with distilled water.
	FA 4	10 cm ³	0.2 moldm ⁻³ aluminium nitrate	Dissolve 75g of $Al(NO_3)_3.9H_2O$ [O] [H] in each dm ³ of solution.
[F]	FA 5	5cm³	1.0 moldm ⁻³ glucose	Dissolve 180g of glucose in each dm ³ . This should be provided in a stoppered container. Please note that the container must be labelled [F].
[F]	FA 6	5cm ³	ethanol	This should be provided in a stoppered container. Please note that the container must be labelled [F].
[F]	FA 7	5cm ³	distilled water	This should be provided in a stoppered container. Please note that the container must be labelled [F].

the attention of the Invigilator should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may enhance the opportunity for malpractice between The standard bench reagents specifically required are set out below. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, candidates.

hazard	label	identity	notes (Hazards symbols given in this column refer to the raw materials.)
Ξ	dilute hydrochloric acid	2.0 moldm ⁻³ HC <i>l</i>	Dilute $172 \mathrm{cm}^3$ of concentrated (35–37%; approximately 11 mol dm ⁻³) acid [C] to 1 dm ³ .
[c]	dilute nitric acid	2.0 moldm ⁻³ HNO ₃	Dilute 128 cm ³ of concentrated (70% w/v) acid [C] [0] to 1 dm ³ .
[H]	dilute sulfuric acid	1.0 moldm ⁻³ H ₂ SO ₄	Cautiously pour $55\mathrm{cm}^3$ of concentrated (98%) sulfuric acid [C] into $500\mathrm{cm}^3$ of distilled water with continuous stirring. Make the solution up to $1\mathrm{dm}^3$ with distilled water. Care: concentrated H_2SO_4 is very corrosive.
	aqueous ammonia	2.0 mol dm ⁻³ NH ₃	Dilute $112\mathrm{cm}^3$ of concentrated (35%) ammonia [C] [N] to $1\mathrm{dm}^3$.
[0]	aqueous sodium hydroxide	2.0 moldm ⁻³ NaOH	Dissolve 80.0g of NaOH [C] in each dm ³ of solution. Care: the process is exothermic and any concentrated solution is very corrosive.
[N]	aqueous silver nitrate	0.05 mol dm ⁻³ silver nitrate	Dissolve 8.5g of AgNO $_3$ [C] [N] in each dm 3 of solution.
Ξ	aqueous barium chloride or aqueous barium nitrate	0.1 moldm ⁻³ barium chloride or 0.1 moldm ⁻³ barium nitrate	Dissolve 24.4g of BaC l_2 .2H $_2$ O [T] in each dm 3 of solution. or 26.1g of Ba(NO $_3$) $_2$ [H] [O] in each dm 3 of solution.
<u>N</u>	0.02 mol dm ⁻³ potassium manganate(VII)	0.02 mol dm ⁻³ KMnO ₄	Dissolve 3.16g of KMnO $_4$ [N] [O] [H] in each dm 3 of solution.
	1.0 mol dm ⁻³ sodium carbonate	1.0 mol dm ⁻³ sodium carbonate	Dissolve 286g of Na_2CO_3 : $10H_2O$ [H] in each dm^3 of solution.
	potassium iodide	0.1 mol dm ⁻³ potassium iodide	Dissolve 16.6g of KI in each dm^3 of solution.

The following materials and apparatus should be available.

1		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	notes
nazaro	label	Ideffility	(Hazards symbols given in this column refer to the raw materials.)
Ξ	limewater	saturated aqueous calcium	Prepare fresh limewater by leaving distilled water to stand over solid Ca(OH). IHI for several days, shaking occasionally. Decant
			or filter the solution.

red and blue litmus papers, aluminium foil for testing nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints, the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

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Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, must carry out the experiments in questions 1,
 2 and 3 and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the Question Paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The Question Paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 11 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 12 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of each Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 11 and 12).
- 4 The Attendance Register.
- 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

COLOUR BLINDNESS

With regard to colour blindness it is permissible to advise candidates to request assistance on colours of, for example, precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application.

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REPORT FORM

	This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.
	Centre Number
1	Supervisor's Results
	Please submit details of the readings obtained in Questions 1, 2 and 3 on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' and showing the Centre number and appropriate session/laboratory number.
2	The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:
	First Session Second Session
3	The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particula candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
	(a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
	(b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
	(c) accidents with apparatus or materials;
	(d) assistance with respect to colour blindness.
	Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

4 A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.





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